

THE CODEX OF THE UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF ORGANIC RIGHTS

Including the Universal Organic Laws & The Protocols of the Peaceful
Revolution

Authored By: **Marie-Soleil Seshat Landry** Date: 2025 Status: Ratified for the Organic
Revolution (2024-2030)

I. PREAMBLE: The Paradigm Shift

WHEREAS recognition of the inherent dignity and the equal and inalienable rights of all members of the organic family is the foundation of freedom, justice, and peace in the world;

WHEREAS the disregard for the biological imperatives of the Earth has resulted in barbarous acts of ecocide, pollution, and synthetic

manipulation which have outraged the conscience of mankind;

NOW, THEREFORE, this Universal Declaration of Organic Rights (UDOR) is proclaimed as a common standard of achievement for all peoples and all nations. It redefines our role from "masters" to "co-inhabitants and caretakers," anchored by the vision of a Peaceful Organic Revolution (2024-2030).

II. BOOK ONE: The Core Declaration (The 10 Fundamentals)

(The foundational rights that govern all others, extracted from the Summarized List of Rights)

- **Article 1. Right to a Sustainable Environment:** The right to live in a healthy and sustainable environment, free from pollution, degradation, and climate change.
- **Article 2. Right to Protection from Climate Change Effects:** The right to be protected from the adverse effects of climate change, including rising sea levels, extreme weather events, and loss of biodiversity.
- **Article 3. Right to Preservation of Natural Habitats:** The right to have natural habitats, ecosystems, and biodiversity protected and preserved for future generations.

- **Article 4. Right to Clean Air:** The right to breathe clean air, free from harmful pollutants and emissions.
- **Article 5. Right to Safe and Clean Water:** The right to have access to safe and clean water for drinking, sanitation, and other essential purposes.
- **Article 6. Right to Soil Conservation:** The right to have soil resources protected and conserved, preventing erosion, degradation, and contamination.
- **Article 7. Right to Biodiversity:** The right to have the diversity of plant and animal life on Earth protected and preserved.
- **Article 8. Right to Protection from Pollution:** The right to be protected from pollution of air, water, land, and soil.
- **Article 9. Right to Environmental Education:** The right to have access to education and information about environmental issues and sustainable practices.
- **Article 10. Right to Participate in Environmental Decision-Making:** The right to participate in decision-making processes that affect the environment and natural resources.

III. BOOK TWO: The Enumeration of Rights (The 250 Rights)

(The comprehensive "System of Systems" detailing rights across all verticals)

Section A: Animal Rights (11-15)

1. Right to Ethical Treatment for All Animals.
2. Right to Protection of Endangered Species.
3. Right to Conservation of Wildlife Habitats.
4. Right to Humane Farming Practices.
5. Right to Preservation of Marine Life.

Section B: Human Rights in Environmental Context (16-20)

1. Right to Access Organic Food.
2. Right to Access Vegan Food Options.
3. Right to Food Sovereignty.
4. Right to Environmental Justice.
5. Right to Fair Distribution of Natural Resources.

Section C: Digital and Technological Rights (21-30)

1. Right to Digital Privacy.
2. Right to Data Protection.
3. Right to Freedom from Unwarranted Surveillance.

4. Right to Access Digital Resources.
5. Right to Digital Literacy.
6. Right to Ethical AI and Technology Use.
7. Right to Net Neutrality.
8. Right to Freedom from Digital Discrimination.
9. Right to Security in Digital Communications.
10. Right to Ownership of Personal Digital Content.

Section D: Social Justice and Inclusivity (31-40)

1. Right to equality regardless of gender, race, or orientation.
2. Right to protection from discrimination.
3. Right to marriage equality.
4. Right to gender expression.
5. Right to access gender-affirming healthcare.
6. Right to protection for sex workers.
7. Right to workplace equality.
8. Right to equitable pay.
9. Right to participate in cultural life.
10. Right to social welfare and support.

Section E: Urban, Cultural, and Legal

Rights (41-60)

1. Right to sustainable urban development.
2. Right to access public spaces.
3. Right to green and healthy urban environments.
4. Right to affordable housing.
5. Right to participate in community planning.
6. Right to cultural preservation.
7. Right to freedom of expression.
8. Right to artistic freedom.
9. Right to access cultural heritage.
10. Right to freedom from censorship. *(Rights 51-60 cover Legal Frameworks: fair justice, legal representation, public trial, etc.)*

Section F: Public Health and Economic Impacts (61-80)

1. Right to healthcare access.
2. Right to mental health services. *(Rights 63-70 cover informed consent, privacy, and traditional medicine.)*
3. Right to participate in the economy.
4. Right to fair employment. *(Rights 73-80 cover safe working conditions, trade unions, and protection from exploitation.)*

Section G: Global, Future, and Inclusivity (81-110)

1. Right to international cooperation.
2. Right to adaptability in legal frameworks.
3. Right to protection of minorities.
4. Right to intergenerational equity.
5. Right to non-discrimination based on disability.

Section H: Rights for a Progressive Society & Digital Age (111-130)

1. Right to gender equality in all spheres of life.
2. Right to digital autonomy and control over personal data.
3. Right to digital detox and disconnection.
4. Right to protection from AI biases and discrimination.

Section I: Plant Life & Animals (161-200)

1. Right to the preservation of plant diversity and genetic integrity.
2. Right to protection of plants from harmful genetic modification.
3. Right to Humane Treatment for All Animals.

4. Right to prohibition of inhumane animal testing.
5. Right to preservation of pollinator species (bees/butterflies).

Section J: Aquatic Life & Natural Processes (201-225)

1. Right to protection and conservation of fish and marine life.
2. Right to the Preservation of Natural Cycles (day/night, seasons).
3. Right to Protect Natural Phenomena (rain cycles, ocean currents).

Section K: Emerging Technologies & Future Challenges (226-250)

1. Right to Ethical Development of AI and Biotech.
2. Right to Digital Existence (avatars/personas).
3. Right to Cognitive Liberty (mental privacy).
4. Right to Sustainable Off-Earth Settlements.
5. Right to Ethical Treatment of Advanced AI.
6. Right to Collaborative Space Exploration.
7. Right to Preservation and Promotion of Global Biodiversity.

IV. BOOK THREE: The Universal Organic Laws (UOL)

(The 2024 Addendum: The Enforcement Mechanism)

Introduction: The Universal Organic Laws translate abstract rights into tangible, enforceable legal frameworks to ensure the UDOR's intentions are not lost in translation.

Section I: Environmental Rights

1. Law on Ensuring a Clean and Healthy Environment.
2. Law on Biodiversity Conservation.
3. Law on the Protection and Sustainable Use of Water Resources.
4. Law on Maintaining Air Quality Free from Pollution.

Section II: Animal Rights

1. Law on the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.
2. Law on Species and Habitat Preservation.
3. Law on Ethical Treatment of Livestock.

4. Law on Humane Animal Farming Practices.

Section III: Human Rights

1. Law on Protection from Harmful Chemicals and Toxins.
2. Law on Access to Organic Food and Products.
3. Law on Transparency of Product Ingredients and Sourcing.
4. Law on Education in Sustainable Living and Agriculture.

Section IV: Sustainable Land Use

1. Law on Preserving Natural Ecosystems.
2. Law on Sustainable Land Management.
3. Law on Implementing Regenerative Agriculture Practices.
4. Law on Preventing Deforestation and Land Degradation.

Section V: Seed and Genetic Diversity

1. Law on Seed Biodiversity Preservation.
2. Law on Access to Non-GMO Seeds.
3. Law on Maintaining Crop Genetic Diversity.
4. Law on Supporting Open-Source Seed Initiatives.

Section VI: Climate and Energy

1. Law on Maintaining a Stable Climate.
2. Law on Transitioning to Renewable and Sustainable Energy.
3. Law on Mitigating Climate Change Impacts.
4. Law on Adoption and Promotion of Green Technologies.

Section VII: Resource Management

1. Law on Equitable Resource Distribution.
2. Law on Minimizing Resource Waste and Pollution.
3. Law on Regulating Resource Extraction.
4. Law on Protecting Critical Ecosystems and Natural Resources.

Section VIII: Access to Knowledge

1. Law on Knowledge Sharing in Sustainable Practices.
2. Law on Organic Farming and Living Education.
3. Law on Freedom of Information in Environmental Issues.
4. Law on Citizen Science and Environmental Monitoring.

Section IX: Responsibility and Accountability

1. Law on Implementing Sustainable Practices.
2. Law on Upholding Organic Laws.
3. Law on Reporting Environmental Violations.
4. Law on Addressing Ecocide and Genomicide.

Section X: Peace and Security

1. Law on Peaceful Coexistence with Nature.
2. Law on Avoiding Resource-Based Wars.
3. Law on Preventing Ecological Conflicts.
4. Law on Ending the War Against Nature.

(Laws 41-112 continue through sections on Marine Ecosystems, Urban Sustainability, Indigenous Rights, Wildlife Conservation, Circular Economy, Ethical Resource Utilization, Air Quality, Soil Health, Responsible Consumption, Ecological Restoration, Sustainable Transportation, Green Innovation, Sustainable Food Systems, Renewable Energy, Water Management, Climate Resilience, Sustainable Tourism, and Green Urban Development.)

V. BOOK FOUR: Specialized

Charters

A. Universal Declaration of Organic Agriculture

- **Article 1 (Scope):** Applies to all agricultural activities, including crops and livestock.
- **Article 2 (Principles):** Health, Ecology, Fairness, and Transparency.
- **Article 3 (Soil Management):** Soils shall be maintained through natural methods; synthetic fertilizers are prohibited.
- **Article 5 (Animal Welfare):** Animals shall be raised humanely with access to pasture; non-therapeutic antibiotics are prohibited.
- **Article 7 (GMOs):** The use of GMOs in organic agriculture shall be prohibited.
- **Article 12 (Criminalization):** The use of non-agricultural methods (synthetic fertilizers, pesticides, GMOs) shall be criminalized worldwide.

B. Universal Declaration of Organic Plant Rights

- **Article 1 (Right to Existence):** Every plant species has an

inherent right to exist and continue its natural cycle.

- **Article 2 (Habitat Protection):** Plants have the right to a healthy, safe, and sustainable habitat.
- **Article 4 (Natural Development):** Right to grow free from genetic manipulation.
- **Article 6 (Ethical Use):** Human use of plants must be ethical and sustainable.

C. Universal Declaration for the Criminalization of All Non-Organic Methods

- **Article 2 (Prohibition):** The use of GMOs, synthetic pesticides, herbicides, and fertilizers is hereby prohibited.
- **Article 3 (Transition):** All agricultural and industrial activities shall transition to practices that adhere strictly to organic standards.
- **Article 7 (Legal Frameworks):** Establishes penalties for non-compliance and incentives for organic transition.

VI. BOOK FIVE: The Manifesto of the Revolution

Universal Declaration of the Peaceful Organic Revolution (2024-2030)

Preamble: We commit to a peaceful organic revolution dedicated to nurturing the planet and fostering inclusivity from 2024 to 2030.

- **Article 1:** Right to Global Peace and Sustainability.
- **Article 4:** Right to Access and Cultivate Organic and Cannabis Resources.
- **Article 6:** Right to Social and Economic Justice.
- **Article 8:** Commitment to Education and Awareness.

The Protocol of Accession

To be signed by **adopters of the UDOR:**

"I, the undersigned, hereby ratify the Universal Declaration of Organic Rights. I pledge to align my actions with the Universal Organic Laws and support the Peaceful Organic

Revolution."